EMERGENCY RESPONSE: Temporary End of LIFE CARE Symptom Control Guidance for Use in the COVID-19 crisis.

Please use in conjunction with your local Palliative Care Guidelines http://www.wmcares.org.uk/wmpcp/guide/

Disclaimers: Note unlicensed routes/uses. Please seek your LOCAL SPECIALIST PALLIATIVE CARE services for advice if working beyond your competencies

SYMPTOM	USUAL MANAGEMENT	OTHER	**EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES – Only consider
	Also see usual advice	MANAGEMENT	if usual management not available**
DYSPNOEA/ BREATHLESSNESS	Oramorph (oral morphine sulphate solution 10mg/5ml) 2.5mg to 5mg PRN hrly	Positioning – Tri pod position	 First line: consider other forms of oral opioids: **Seek Specialist Advice if you are unfamiliar with the drug** MST tablets/granules (modified release morphine sulphate)
CSCI = continuous subcutaneous infusion	Morphine sulphate inj (10mg/1ml, 30mg/1ml amps) 2.5mg SC PRN hrly (CSCI 10mg/24 hrs) **Start low doses in opiate naïve, elderly renal impairment**	Oxygen if already prescribed	 Sevredol tablets (immediate release morphine sulphate) Open up Zomorph capsules & sprinkle on food Buprenorphine transdermal patch – check dose conversions
Hrly = hourly	Oxycodone(oxycodone solution 5mg/5ml or capsules)	Air movement - Fan, open window (Caution in COVID	ONLY If patient unable to swallow consider: Morphine PR (seek Specialist Advice) Last resort:
Amps = ampoules	2mg to 5mg PRN hrly Oxycodone inj (10mg/1ml, 20mg/2ml amps) SC PRN 1mg -2.5mg (CSCI 5mg to 20mg/24 hrs) **Start low doses in opiate naive or elderly**	patients due to possible viral droplet spread) Guided breathing techniques	Oral Morphine CONCENTRATE solution (20mg/1ml) 5-10mg two hrly PRN (with supply of 1 ml syringes) some absorption through buccal mucosa. (Also Oxycodone concentrate solution available 10mg/1ml) ** If patients are already using Oramorph (10mg/5ml) then caution advised if adding in
	Lorazepam (1mg tablets) 0.5mg to 1mg SL PRN 4 hrly (max 4mg/24hrs) Midazolam (10mg/2ml amps) 2.5mg SC PRN hrly (CSCI 5-10mg/24 hrs starting dose)		concentrate as risk of staff/carers getting these mixed up)** Other options under local Specialist Advice ONLY: non injectable use of IV morphine ampoules (if this the only drug available & there is no access to SC/IV route) Intranasal or sublingual fentanyl Steroids
PAIN **PLEASE ALSO REFER to your usual Palliative Care guidelines or your local Palliative Care Specialists – doses and drug	Oramorph (Oral morphine solution 10mg/5ml) 5-10mg PRN hrly Morphine sulphate inj (10mg/1ml, 30mg/1ml amps) 2.5mg to 5mg SC PRN hrly (CSCI 10mg to 30mg/24 hrs) **Start low doses in opiate naïve, elderly renal impairment**	Use of NSAIDS for pain in COVID-19 is currently not recommended	First line: See other forms of opioids in dyspnoea section above ⁺ Fentanyl & Buprenorphine transdermal patch (caution in fever due to possible surge in absorption) * See usual guidance for dose conversions or seek local Specialist Advice*
choices for ALL SYMPTOMS LISTED may differ between localities ** West Midlands Link above SEEK ADVICE IF PRESCRIBING OUTSIDE YOUR COMPETANCIES	Oxycodone (oral oxycodone solution 5mg/5ml) 2mg to 5mg PRN hrly Oxycodone inj (10mg/1ml,20mg/2ml amps) SC PRN 1mg - 2.5mg hrly (CSCI 5mg to 20mg/24 hrs) **Caution in opiate naïve** **If on regular opioids including patches, calculate PRN dose based on total 24 hr dose**		Last Resort: Oral Morphine CONCENTRATE solution (20mg/1ml) 5-10mg hourly PRN (with supply of 1 ml syringes) some absorption through buccal mucosa Or Oxycodone oral CONCENTRATE solution (10mg/1ml) – prescribe with supply of 1ml syringes some absorption through buccal mucosa * If patients are already using oramorph (10mg/5ml) then caution advised if adding in concentrate as risk of staff/carers getting these mixed up)**

SYMPTOM	USUAL MANAGEMENT	OTHER	**EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES – Only consider
	Also see usual advice	MANAGEMENT	if usual management not available**
FEVER	Paracetamol 1g PO/PR PRN 4 hrly	Gentle cooling measures	Consider other preparations – soluble, liquid, PR
	(4g/24hrs, 2-3g/24hrs in elderly/<50kg)		**Caution with NSAIDs in COVID patients until further evidence to support safety**
RESPIRATORY	Hyoscine Butylbromide (20mg/1ml amps)	Re-position patient on side	Atropine SL 1% drops (ophthalmic drops) – 2 drops SL every 2-4
SECRETIONS	20mg SC PRN 2 hrly (CSCI 60mg to 120mg/24hrs)	or in semi-prone position to	hrs **Avoid in patients with delirium or dementia due to increased risk of confusion**
		promote postural drainage	
	Glycopyrronium) (200micrograms/1ml,		Hyoscine hydrobromide 300micrograms SL tablets
	600micrograms/3ml amps) 200-400mcg SC PRN 2		or
	hrly (CSCI 600micrograms to 2.4mg/24hrs)		Hyoscine Hydrobromide transdermal patch 1mg per 72 hrs on hairless
	Husseine Hudrohamide (100 i		skin behind the ear. Patches can be halved or quartered. Maximum dose 2mg/24hrs **Caution in renal impairment & COVID-19 +ve patients as can worsen delirium**
	Hyoscine Hydrobromide (400micrograms/1ml amps)		Caution in renai impairment & COVID-17 (ve pauents as can worsen deinfum
	400micrograms SC PRN 4 hrly		
	(CSCI 1.2mg/24hrs) **Caution in renal impairment & COVID-19 +ve patients as		
	can worsen delirium**		
DELIRIUM	Haloperidol (tablets or oral solution) or SC (5mg/1ml	Consider and treat	Contact local Specialist Advice for high dose use of:
(Haloperidol &	amps) 0.5mg to 1mg PRN 2 hrly	underlying causes –	Levomepromazine or Midazolam
levomepromazine most common first line)	(CSCI 2.5mg to 5mg/24hrs)	blocked catheter,	
common in st mic)		constipation,	Other dugs may be suggested such as
	Levomepromazine (25mg/1ml amps)	hypercalcaemia etc	• Buccal midazolam (10mg/1ml prefilled syringe)
Often delirium and agitation are difficult to differentiate	5mg SC PRN 4 hrly (CSCI 10- 25mg/24hrs)		Rectal diazepam
are annear to anterentiate	**Caution in frail/low body weight/renal impairment 2.5mg PRN**	Reduce stimuli	• Risperidone
	Higher doses with Specialist Advice	• avoid loud noise	Olanzapine
AGITATION,		• avoid bright light	• Oranzapric
,	Lorazepam (1mg tablets)	6 6	
ANXIETY,	0.5 to 1mg SL PRN 4 hrly max 4mg/24hrs	Reduce number of people	
RESTLESSNESS		in the room	
(Benzodiazepines may be more useful)	Midazolam (10mg/2ml amps) 2.5mg to 5mg SC		
	PRN (CSCI 5-30mg/24 hrs)		
NAUSEA &	**Higher doses seek Specialist Advice**	Consider and treat	Ondansetron 4- 8mg 4 hrly PRN orodispersible tablets or orodispersible film
	Levomepromazine (25mg/1ml amps) 2.5mg - 5mg SC PRN 4 hrly (CSCI 5-25mg/24hrs)		(16mg /24 hrs)
VOMITING	SC PRN 4 hrly (CSCI 5-25mg/24hrs) **Caution in frail/low body wt/renal impairment 2.5mg PRN**	underlying cause	(10IIIg / 24 IIIS) SE. constipation (caution if risk of bowel obstruction)
		Remove avoidable triggers	
	Haloperidol 0.5 to 1mg PO/SC (5mg/1ml amps)	such as smells	**Ondansetron suppositories 16mg available**
	PRN 4 hrly (CSCI 2.5mg to 5mg/24 hrs)	Such as shields	
	Caution in renal impairment	Eat and drink slowly,	Granisetron patch 3.1mg/24 hours. Change every 7 days
	Metoclopromide 10mg PO/SC PRN (10mg/2ml	frequent, small meals or	
	amps) 4 hrly (CSCI 30-60mg/24 hrs)	snacks	Olanzapine tablets 5mg to 10mg daily includes orodispersible
	Cyclizine 50mg PO or 25mg SC PRN (50mg/1ml		
	amps) Max TDS (CSCI 75mg/24hrs)		
	(CSCI / 5111g/ 24118)		